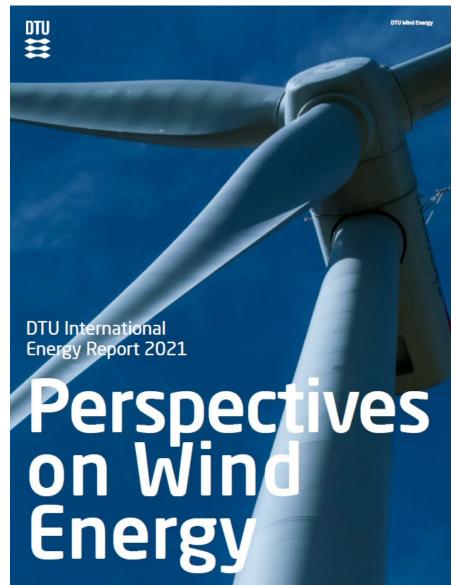


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Design for X - perspectives for future blade and turbine technologies

Flemming Rasmussen





Edited by Birte Holst Jorgensen, Peter Hauge Madsen, Gregor Glebel, Ignacio Martí and Kenneth Thomsen, DTU Wind Energy

- State-of-the-art analysis of wind energy systems, wind turbine technologies and materials and components written by leading DTU Wind Energy researchers in cooperation with leading Danish and international experts
- 17 short chapters targeted towards colleagues and collaborating partners in the wind energy sector at large, funding organizations, institutional investors, ministries and authorities and international organizations such as the EU, IEA, UN and the World Bank.
- To be published 25 October 2021



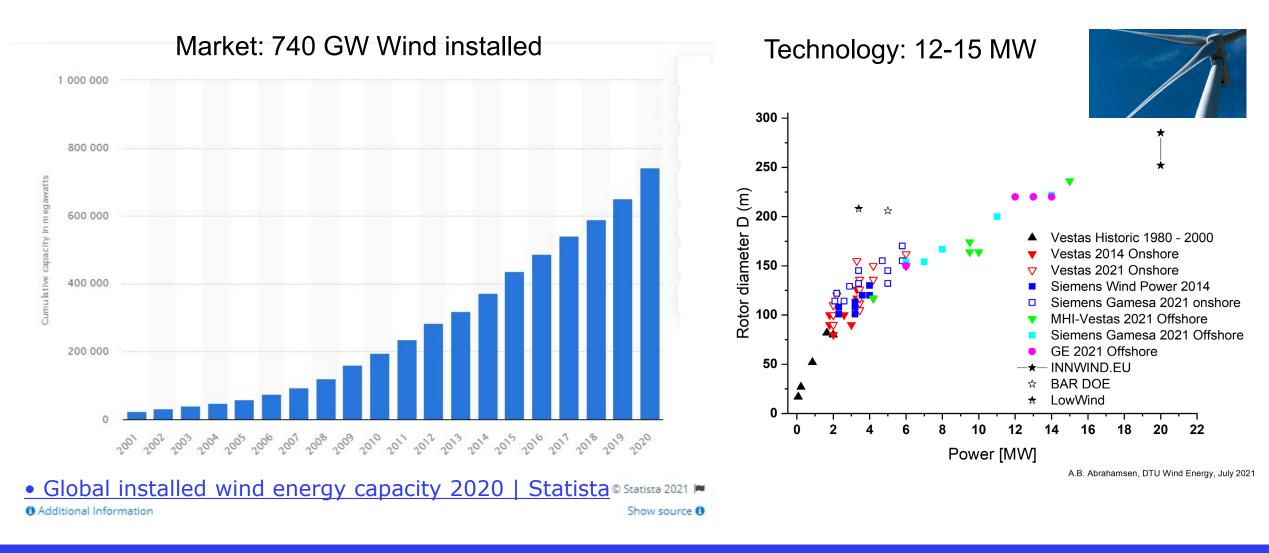
Outline

- Status on global market and technology development
- Perspectives for the next 30 years
- The need for Design for X
- New common visions and aligned roadmaps

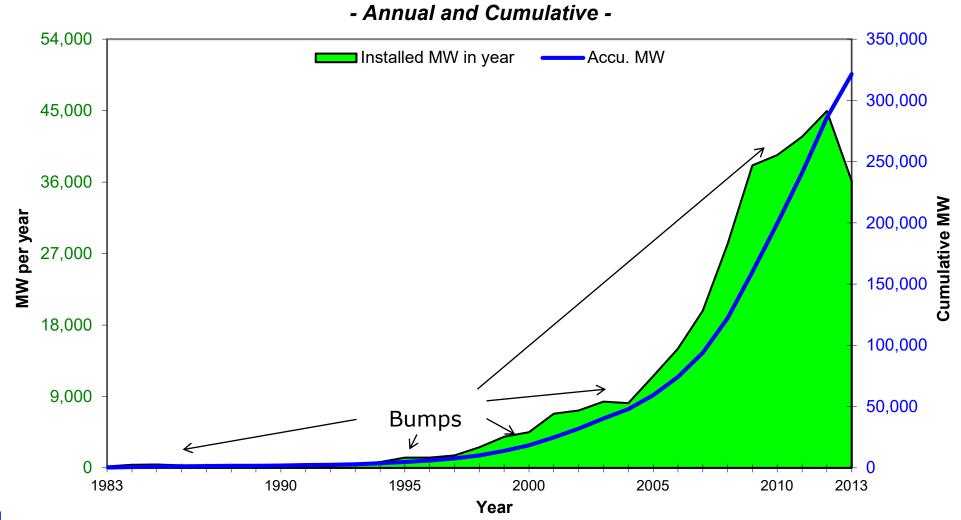
Challenge:

- Indications of a general perception that wind turbine technology is fully mature and has reached the point of deminishing returns (concerning research effort)
- I will try to convince you about the opposite

Impressive achievements during the last 20 years



Global market development 1983 - 2014

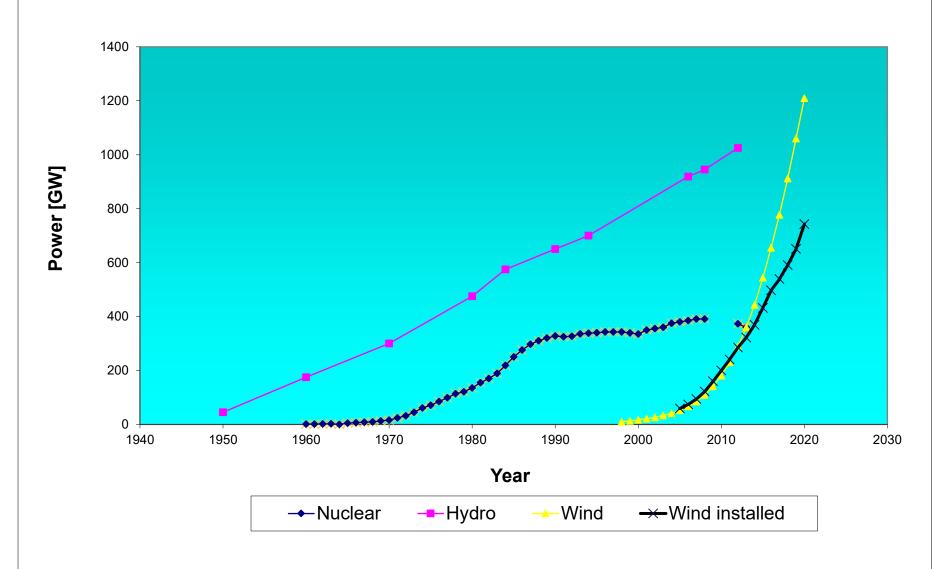


Installed Wind Power in the World

7 September 2021 Source: BTM Consult - A Part of Navigant - March 2014

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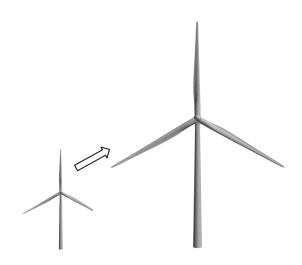
World generation capacity and Wind Force 10 - 10% wind energy scenario from 1998 by BTM-Consult





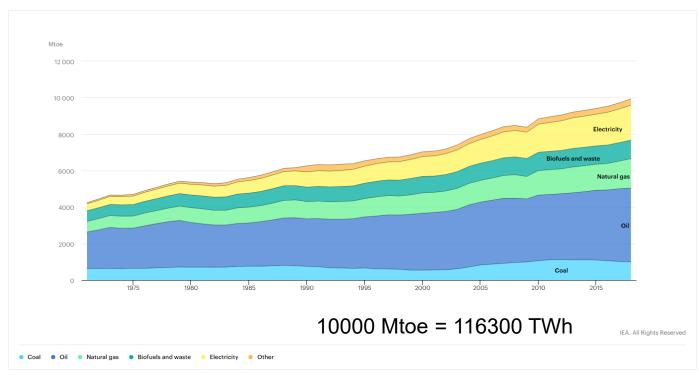
Upscaling the technology

- 2002 EU application 'Wind Power Plant 2020 the Size, the Concept the System', aim of envisioning 20-MW turbines being developed by 2020, with wind generating 10 % electricity and establishing research road-maps to actually get there.
- 2006 -2018 EU UPWIND and INNWIND: 20 MW turbines with 240 m rotors
- 2021 Vestas announced their new offshore turbine of 15 MW with a rotor diameter of 236 m
- Illustrates importance of establishing a common vision and framework, which to a large extent has been the case for the windenergy community, and that the research status, needs and potentials should be seen in that context.





World total energy consumption

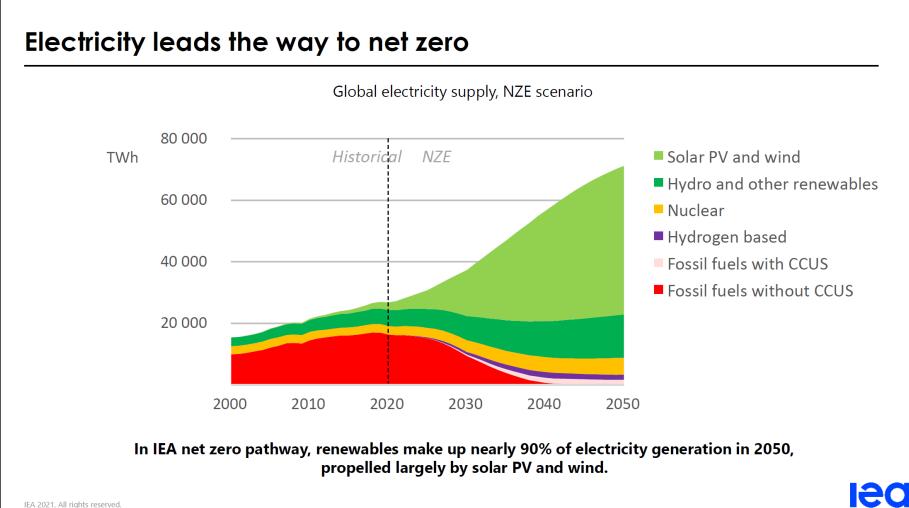


- Global consumption: 116.300 TWh
- Electricity: 27.000 TWh

- Wind and PV: 2700 TWh = 10 % of electricity, but only 2.3% of Global consumption
- Wind: 2/3, PV: 1/3
- Wind: 7 % by 2020

World total final consumption by source, 1973-2018 - Charts - Data & Statistics - IEA

Net zero emission scenario

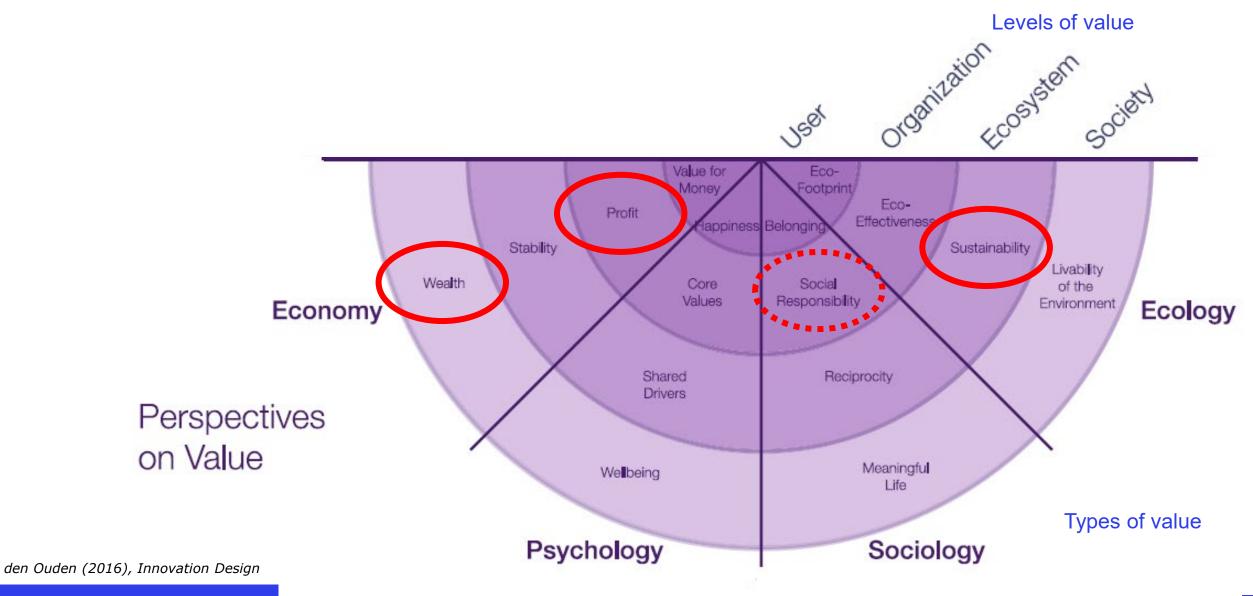


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New visions and scenarios

- Time to set new ambitious scenarios and goals that could include and turbines optimized for improved energy-system operation and sustainability, and possibly 'lighthouse' turbines of up to 40 MW and 200 m blades by 2040-2050.
- From cost to value by inclusion of more variables, long term perspectives, sustainability, innovation, disruption and research in the design loop.
- Need to focus on both the integration of wind (P2X) and the wind turbine technology development.
- Extend Wind Power Hub and Value Concepts

Value concepts from different perspectives





Article in Politiken

MOGENS LYKKETOFT ANDERS ELDRUP

Griber vi chancen, kan brint blive det nye danske bæredygtige energieventyr. Ligesom vindmøllerne i sin tid. Men der skal handles nu.



Wind turbine design to facilitate integration Design for X (D4X)

Design for:

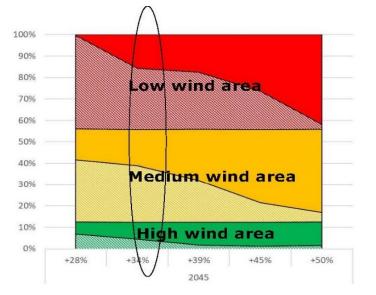
- Cost
- Value (e.g. LowWind, Power plant characteristics,)
- Sustainability
- Energy efficiency
- Lifetime
- O&M, Service
- Modularization
- Recycling
- Power 2 X
- Scalability, upscaling
- Siting
- Manufacturing
- Price-opmization
- Public Acceptance
-with varying weight in a system engineering optimization

Examples for illustration

Design for value: The LowWind turbine – technology innovations

3.4 MW IEA RWT

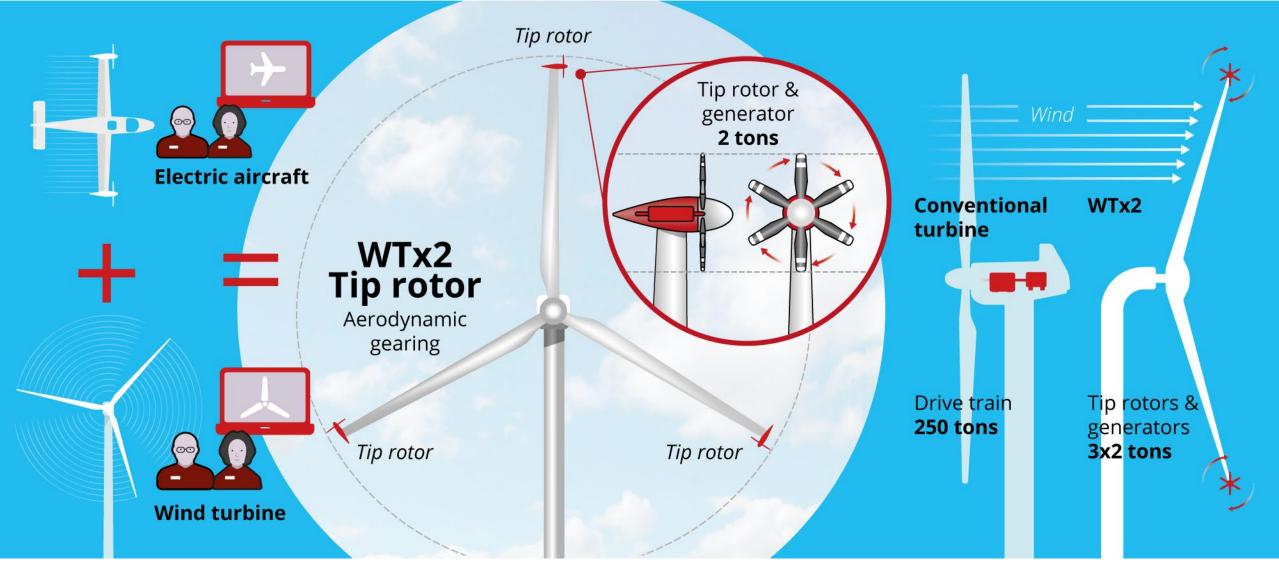
3.4 MW LowWind turbine with 208 m rotor



Shaded areas show the predicted share of LowWind technology of the windturbine market in 2045 as a function of increased CapEx relative to the cost of conventional turbine technology.



Design for energy efficiency, weight and O&M



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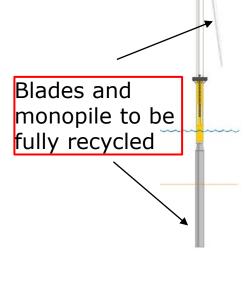
Considerations on Design for X

Lightweight, 10 years design lifetime in a sustainable context of saving fossile fuels

Single row of turbines 10 km from coast. Psychological value

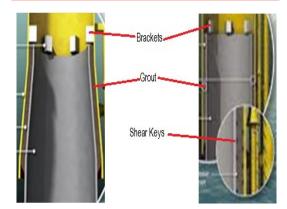
Wind solar highway power station: Charging electric cars, Psychological value

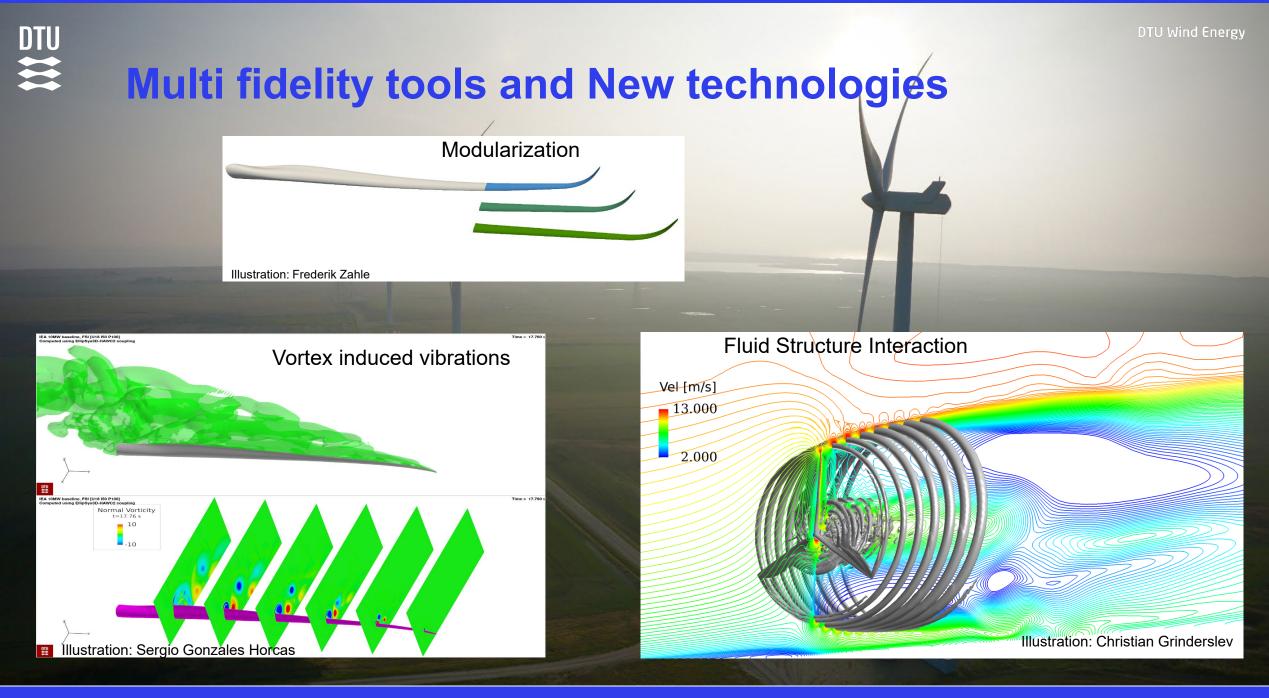


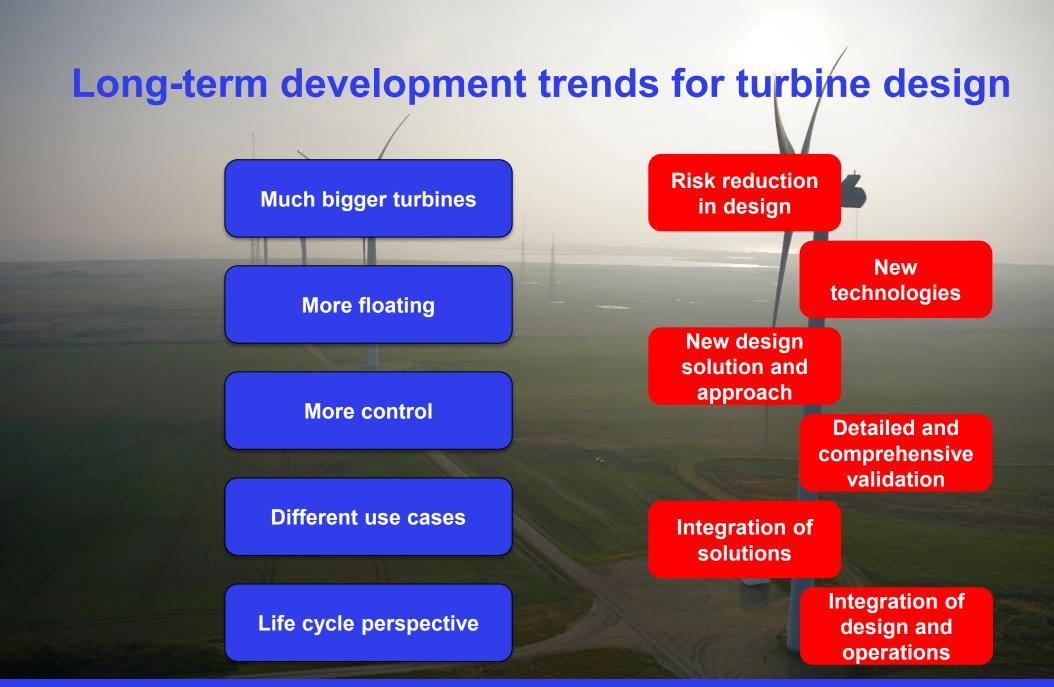


Sound design>< noise

Modularisation, recycling: Building value into decommisioned turbine. Storing of valuable components or materials for end release.







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Conclusion

- Huge perspectives in turbine technology and Design 4 X, but it requires constant upgrading of the design methods.
- Not far from what we have been doing, and is building upon our strongholds.
- We can afford it now.
- Our goal is cost efficiency, value and sustainable development. Not the same as the cheapest turbine right now.
- System engineering, AI, Digital twins and virtual validation to unlock the potentials and help develop new insight and maintain knowledge. Increase crowd intelligence.

Thank you!

Photo: Poul Falk Nielsen

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